

Tips for Success

We Help You Grow!: For a quick video demonstrating how to properly plant and care for your new Starfire Lilies, simply search "How to Grow Starfire Lily from Bulbs with Devin Wallien" to find his informative video online. Further information and growing tips can be found at RobertasUniqueGardens.com & QVC.com

Quick Flowers: To get the quickest flowers possible, they like very warm conditions. If your days are quite warm, keep them outside in a mostly shaded location upon planting and they will rapidly shoot up flower stems. Once you see your bulbs sprout, place them in an area that gets 1-2 hours of morning light.

Indoors or Outdoors?: These bulbs can be grown indoors all year round or outside in the summer and indoors in the winter. If planting and growing these bulbs inside, they must be grown in a very sunny window to generate strong growth. When grown outside in the summer, they should be brought indoors and grown as a lovely houseplant once the night temperatures start to dip below 50F.

Starfire Lily: Like explosions of flowers in the garden! The Starfire lilies are back after many years of unavailability! These cousins of our favorite Amaryllis are just as easy to grow and bring their large 8-10" globelike red flowers to your garden after about 60 days from the time of planting! Huge red flowers are tipped with bright golden anthers to create a stunning visual. Beloved by hummingbirds, these plants do great in pots, in the garden, or as a houseplant all year! Thick strapping foliage keeps the interest high even after the flowers have finished.



Roberta's Gardens PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Starfire Lilies
Scadoxus multiflorus

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at **1-765-525-4065** during the hours of 8:30 am and 4:30 pm EST. You can email questions to us at: customerservice@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings, etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at RobertasUniqueGardens.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.



Roberta's Unique Gardens

P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182

Monday – Friday 8:30AM – 4:30PM EST

RobertasUniqueGardens.com

@robertasgardens Roberta's Unique Gardens

Perennials

Quick Reference

 **Plant Type:** Perennial

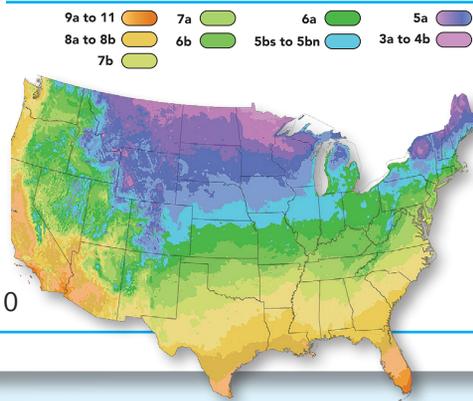
 **Light/Sun:** Full Sun

 **Mature Height:** 18"

 **Mature Spread:** 18"

 **Bloom Time:** Summer

 **USDA Hardiness Zones:** 8 to 10



Plant Caretaking

Upon Arrival: Please take the bulbs out of their plastic bags. You may store bulbs in the fridge for up to 3 weeks if you can not plant immediately.

Planting Depth & Spacing: Dig a deep enough so that about 2/3 of the bulb is under the surface of the soil and the top 1/3 is protruding above the soil line. Similar to planting an Amaryllis. You can space these about 4" from one another.

Potted Plants: Make sure your container has holes to allow excess water to drain. For a single bulb use a 6" pot, or plant multiple together in a larger container. Planting 3 bulbs in a 10" pot is a great look.

Soil Preparation: Unless your winters are very mild (never below 50F), these should be grown in containers. They like rich, well draining potting mix.

Watering: Give your bulbs a generous watering upon planting and then wait until you see some growth before watering again. They like to stay moist but not soggy while growing outside.

Fertilizer: Use Roberta's Bounty after you've started to see sprouts growing and then once or twice a month all summer long.

Pet Considerations: Ensure your pets do not consume plants.

Winter Care: Once the nights start to dip below 50F, bring your Starfire lilies inside the home. They have a striking foliage that makes them a great houseplant. If you prefer to overwinter them as bulbs, you can simply dig up the bulbs at this time and store in peat moss over winter.

Sun: Outside they prefer morning sun. They do not appreciate hot afternoon sun. If grown as a houseplant, they will need the sunniest location possible inside the home to generate flowers.

Planting Steps

Step 1 Remove bulbs from the box and take off other packing materials. Open your box outside or somewhere you don't mind getting messy, as some of the soil may have been shaken loose in transit.

Step 2 Unless you live where the winters do not go below 50F, it is best to plant these in containers. Dig a hole deep enough so that about 2/3 of the bulb is below the surface of the soil, and 1/3 is above. This should be just where the bulb starts to curve back in. We can this section the neck of the bulb. They are planted very similarly to Amaryllis bulbs.

Step 3 Water your newly planted bulb thoroughly and place in an area that is about part sun; no intense afternoon sun. Wait to water again until you see sprouts coming out of the ground.

Step 4 Flowers often arrive before the foliage. Once your plant begins to bloom, place in an area that is mostly shaded, this will help keep your flowers lasting the longest.

