

Tips for Success

We Help You Grow: For a quick video demonstrating how to properly plant and care for your new Lilies, simply search "Planting Lily Bulbs with Devin Wallien" to find his informative video online. Further information and growing tips can be found at RobertasUniqueGardens.com & QVC.com

Water: Water your plants immediately after planting them and once every few days all summer long. Plants in containers will generally require water more often than those in the ground.

Do they need a winter freeze? Lily bulbs must be cool in the winter to produce flowers each summer. If you live where winters are warm, it is necessary to grow your bulbs in containers that you can place somewhere so they can get at least 8 weeks of temperatures below 50F. In the garden these bulbs can handle winter temperatures down to about minus -30F. In pots they can take temperatures to about 0F.

Do I need to divide them? After about 4-5 years you may divide the bulbs into small pearl size divisions and replant. However, this is not necessary.

Sunlight & Flowers To get the best flower display, full sun is the absolute best. They will grow in a half day of sun but may not be as prolific. You can expect blooms the first summer, about 90 days after planting.

Roselilies Roselilies are oriental lily hybrids that have 3 to 4 times as many petals creating a rose-like appearance. Blooms extend 8-10" across and are delightfully fragrant but never overly so. Bulbs are fast to grow and will bloom in about 90 days from planting! This collection includes five different incredibly intoxicating colors of roselilies, from dark pinks, light pink, stargazer type, pure white, and illuminating light pink with a dark border. Collection includes a full bag of Roberta's bounty.



Roberta's Gardens

PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



5pc Fragrant Roselily Collection

Lilium hybrids

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at **1-765-525-4065** during the hours of 8:30 am and 4:30 pm EST.

You can email questions to us at: customerservice@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings, etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at RobertasUniqueGardens.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.

Perennials



Roberta's Unique Gardens
P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182
Monday – Friday 8:30 AM – 4:30 PM EST

RobertasUniqueGardens.com

@robertasgardens Roberta's Unique Gardens

Quick Reference

 **Plant Type** Perennial

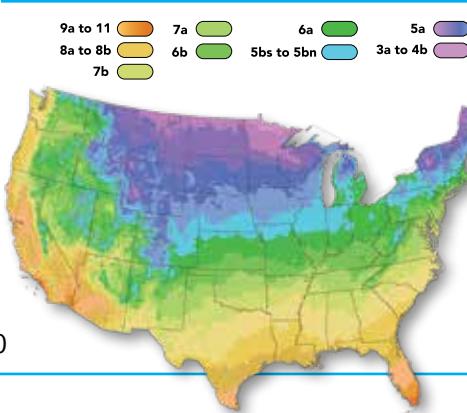
 **Light/Sun** Full to Partial Sun

 **Mature Height** 24-30"

 **Mature Spread** 10-12"

 **Bloom Time** Late Summer

 **USDA Hardiness Zones** 3 to 10



Planting Steps

Step 1 Remove bulbs from their boxes. You may store them in a cool, dark area for up to three weeks if you are unable to plant right away. Discard any unattached pieces of old roots that may have broken off in transit.

Step 2 Dig a hole that is about 6-8 inches deep and just wide enough to easily fit the bulb. Place the bulb in so that the pointed end is pointing upwards and the roots going down. Cover the top of the bulbs' pointed ends with 4 inches of soil. Water the bulbs well.

Step 3 Space bulbs about 6 inches apart in the ground or in containers. You should start to see sprouts occur within a few weeks. Once you see green growth occur, you may fertilize your plants with Roberta's Bounty.

Plant Caretaking

Upon Arrival: Please take bulbs out of the box and discard any pieces of root that may have broken off the bulbs in transit. Plant as soon as possible. They may be stored for up to three weeks in a cool, dark area.

Planting Depth & Spacing: Dig a deep enough hole so that the entire bulb easily fits into the hole and the top of the bulb can be covered with 4 inches of soil. Space about 6-8" apart.

Potted Plants: Make sure your container has holes to allow excess water to drain. You may plant one bulb in a 6 inch pot or plant multiple together in a larger container. In containers you may cluster them a bit more closely.

Soil Preparation: If your soil is clayish, amend it with standard potting mix to improve drainage.

Watering: To determine if your plant needs water, put your finger in the top of the soil and if the top inch is dry, it is time to water. It is important to make sure young plants do not experience long periods of dryness. However, they also do not like soggy conditions.

Fertilizer: Use Roberta's Bounty a couple weeks after planting once you've seen green growth sprout and then once or twice a month all summer long. Do not fertilize after the flowers have finished.

Pet Considerations: Ensure your pets do not consume plants. Some plants are toxic to pets. Do your diligence to protect your pet.

After Bloom Care Allow the foliage to remain on the plants for about 8 weeks after the flowers have finished. This allows them to store up energy for the following season. In late autumn, cut the stems back to the ground. Lily bulbs need at least 8 weeks of temperatures below 50F in the winter, so if you live where winters stay warm, find somewhere cool to keep your plants during the winter season.

Sun These prefer to be grown in as much sun as possible. Full sun will promote the best flower formation but they will manage in a half day of sun.

Winter Care These are very winter hardy plants. Simply allow to die back directly in the garden or in containers and leave outside all winter long.

