

Tips for Success

We Help You Grow! Growing information and tips can be found at RobertasUniqueGardens.com & QVC.com

Plants look Dry or Foliage appears Lackluster. If your Hostas roots look a bit dry upon arrival, soak them in a bowl of water for about an hour or so before planting. This will make sure the young roots are rehydrated once they are planted. If there is any foliage on the roots when they arrive, we recommend cutting it off before planting so that your Hostas will be encouraged to grow fresh foliage.

Time to Plant! Your plants are now ready to be replanted. Follow the planting guide inside for detailed instructions on how to most effectively plant your new plants. Thoroughly water your plants immediately after planting.

Climax Hosta: Hosta 'Climax' is about to steal the show! This highly performing Hosta will brighten up your shady garden like never before. Its dark green leaves have extra wide golden margins creating a super variegated appeal! And corrugations along the foliage adds to the interest. Filling a niche like few plants can accomplish, you'll want to plant these large leaf Hostas all around your shady garden. Lavender flowers appear midsummer too. Very winter hardy.



Roberta's Gardens PLANTING AND GROWING GUIDE



Climax Hosta Collection
Hosta hybrid

We aren't happy if you aren't happy. If you have any questions regarding your order please call us at **1-765-525-4065** during the hours of 8:30 am and 4:30 pm EST. You can email questions to us at: customerservice@robertasinc.com.

If your bulbs, cuttings, etc. do not sprout, or your plant dies within one year from the date of shipment, we will send you a replacement free of charge. We cannot accept responsibility for losses due to extreme weather or neglect. Simply call us at the above toll free number or fill out the plant replacement form on our website at RobertasUniqueGardens.com.

Roberta's will replace it with a similar or comparable plant at no charge. If your replacement is not available or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following year.



Roberta's Unique Gardens
P.O. Box 368, Waldron, IN 46182
Monday – Friday 8:30AM – 4:30PM EST

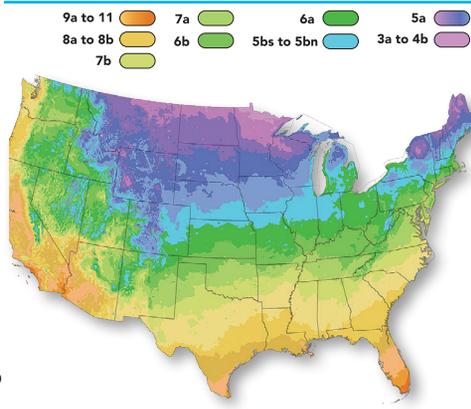
RobertasUniqueGardens.com

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Perennials

Quick Reference

-  **Plant Type:** Perennial
-  **Light/Sun:** Partial Shade to Shade
-  **Mature Height:** 2'
-  **Mature Spread:** 4'
-  **Bloom Time:** Summer, by second season
-  **USDA Hardiness Zones:** 3 to 9



Plant Caretaking

Upon Arrival: Please take the bare roots out of their plastic bags. You may store bare roots in the fridge for up to 3 weeks if you can not plant immediately.

Planting Depth & Spacing: Dig a deep enough hole so that the entire bare root fits easily into the hole with the crown just below the soil surface. Space about 3-4' apart.

Potted Plants: Make sure your container has holes to allow excess water to drain. Use at least a 12" container per root. You may plant multiple together in a larger container.

Soil Preparation: If your soil is clayish, amend it with standard potting mix to improve drainage. In reality, these will grow in just about any soil. You may add a two inch layer of mulch on top after planting.

Watering: Hostas like to be well watered upon planting and particularly in the first season of growth. Ensure they do not go too long without water during that first season.

Fertilizer: Use Roberta's Bounty after you've started to see sprouts growing and then once or twice a month all summer long.

Pet Considerations: Ensure your pets do not consume plants.

Winter Care: After the first frost, cut plants back to the ground. You may also do so in early spring.

Deer Problem?: If deer wreak havoc in your area, try spraying your Hosta plants with high quality deer repellent about once or twice a month while foliage is present.

Planting Steps

Step 1 Remove bare roots from the box and take off other packing materials. Open your box outside or somewhere you don't mind getting messy, as some of the soil may have been shaken loose in transit.

Step 2 Discard any unattached pieces of old roots or crown remnants. If planting in the garden wait until the ground has thawed. Dig a hole so that the entire bare root can fit easily into the hold with the roots going downward, about 4 inches deep.

Step 3 Place the root in so that the crown, where the roots meet the stem, is just below the surface of the soil. Ensure it's not too deep. Try to spread the roots out as much as possible

Step 4 Back fill the hole with soil and water in well.

